

DRIVING WITH FDR
2014

2014 BIOGRAPHICAL/COLLECTIBLE CALENDAR™
INCLUDES 4-PAGE MINIBOOK™
“MAKING HISTORY MATTER @ THE
FDR PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARY + MUSEUM”
BY STEFAN LONCE + MH FRYBURG
ALSO INCLUDES “REMEMBERING SENATOR GEORGE MCGOVERN”



1ST EDITION



MAKING HISTORY MATTER @ THE FDR PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARY + MUSEUM

A MINIBOOK™ BY STEFAN LONCE + MH FRYBURG

WRITTEN TO BE READ, ALOUD, @ THE FDR PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARY + MUSEUM
ON 7-27-2013 + 8-14-2013

Remembering Senator George McGovern 7-19-1922 – 10-21-2012

My Friends,

72 years ago, on 6-30-1941, a date which will live in world history, Franklin Delano Roosevelt dedicated America's 1st Presidential Library, here on the grounds of Springwood, the Roosevelt Family estate in Hyde Park, NY (about 2 hours north of NYC by car or train).

On 6-30-1941, President Roosevelt said:

"The dedication of a library is...an act of faith. To bring together the records of the past and to house them in buildings where they will be preserved for the use of men and women in the future, a Nation must believe in three things. It must believe in the past. It must believe in the future. It must, above all, believe in the capacity of its own people so to learn from the past that they can gain judgment in creating their own future."



FDR dedicates his library, on 6-30-1941.

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum



Felicia Wong speaks @ FDR, on 6-30-2013.

Stefan Lonce

72 years later, on 6-30-2013, the Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library + Museum was rededicated and reopened...after a \$35,000,000 renovation. At the rededication, the Roosevelt Institute, which preserves the legacies and values of Franklin + Eleanor Roosevelt, was represented by its President, Dr. Felicia Wong, who said, "The lessons and values of the Roosevelts are as relevant today as they have ever been."

We agree with Felicia Wong. We are STEFAN LONCE and MH FRYBURG, and we are Franklin + Eleanor Roosevelt's Calendrical Biographers. A

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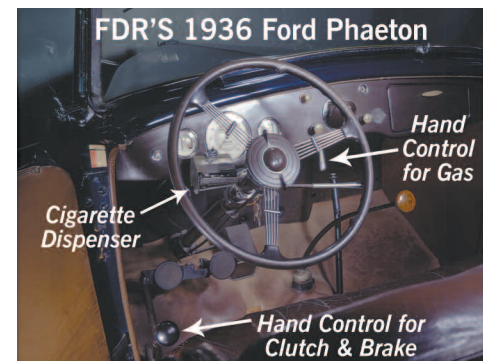
Calendrical Biography™ focuses on the critical dates in the subject's life and explains why they matter. A Calendrical Biography™ begins on the most determinative day in the subject's life; that's why **DRIVING WITH FDR: A CALENDRICAL BIOGRAPHY OF FRANKLIN + ELEANOR ROOSEVELT™ - BOOK #1**, begins on 8-10-1921, when Franklin Delano Roosevelt was suddenly attacked by the polio virus, which paralyzed him from the waist down; **BOOK #2** begins on 12-7-1941, a date which will live in infamy.

The Calendrical Biography™ concept evolved from our 2012 and 2013 **DRIVING WITH FDR COLLECTIBLE™** wall calendars, which we self-published and sold at the FDR Library, and on our web site (www.DrivingWithFDR.com). Today, inspired by FDR's Fireside Chats, we are reading aloud the 4-page **MINIBOOK™** from our **2014 DRIVING WITH FDR BIOGRAPHICAL/COLLECTIBLE CALENDAR™**...which you can buy (for \$20) at the FDR Library or on our web site.

The completely renovated-and-rebuilt FDR Library + Museum is organized calendrically: the exhibit begins not on 1-30-1882, when FDR was born, but in 1932, when FDR was 1st elected President. The most important physical artifacts are FDR's leg braces, which enabled him to "walk," after he was paralyzed by polio, and FDR's 1936 Ford Phaeton, equipped with hand controls, which he had invented in 1926 in Warm Springs, Georgia, where he founded a polio clinic.

FDR "engineered an ingenious set of hand controls for an automobile to drive through the Georgia countryside. A...mechanic converted an old Model T Ford to Roosevelt's specifications, and by the end of 1926 [FDR] was whizzing about Warm Springs.... And after five years of being dependent...nothing gave him greater pleasure [than driving did]," Jean Edward Smith wrote in *FDR*.

"Driving his own car was the ultimate freedom for FDR. Unable to get out of bed without assistance, driving was one of the few moving things he could accomplish by himself, and be completely



FDR's 1938 Ford, at "Roosevelt's Little White House" in Warm Springs, GA, with the 1945 FDR-1 vanity plates which were on the car when FDR died on 4-12-1945.

Stefan Lonce

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Continued Below ↓

independent," FDR Library Director Lynn Bassanese explains.

Frances Perkins, FDR's Secretary of Labor, wrote, in *The Roosevelt I Knew*, that FDR "took great pleasure in taking a visitor around in his car [equipped with hand controls]. He loved the road to the [Hudson] river, down a steep embankment through beautiful woodland."

"Driving the specially equipped cars was liberating for FDR," says Dr. Christopher Breiseth, the Chair of the Frances Perkins Center in Newcastle, ME.

Franklin + Eleanor first visited Warm Springs, where the 88-degree naturally buoyant mineral-laden spring waters allowed paralyzed polio patients to walk, in pools filled with that empowering water, on 10-3-1924. When FDR got in the pool at the Meriwether Inn and discovered that, in the water, he could walk again, he began to hope that he could learn to walk again, on dry land, so he could get back into politics.

Franklin + Eleanor were 5th cousins; Eleanor's uncle was Theodore Roosevelt, who was also Franklin's 5th cousin; FDR conspicuously copied TR's political career.

FDR + ER were very different. FDR was secure and gregarious; ER was insecure and shy. FDR loved gossip and small talk; ER was all business. FDR loved cocktails; ER abhorred liquor – her father had been an alcoholic.

FDR + ER were alike, in many ways, however; they loved their 5 "chicks" – as they called their children: Anna, James, FDR Jr., Elliott and John – although they didn't spend much time with them. FDR + ER both loved to dance, ride horses, swim, and read. They both loved animals, especially FDR's dog, Fala, who is buried beside them. FDR was also an avid angler, a phenomenal philatelist, and a superb sailor.

ER was a multi-tasker. "From 1933 to 1945, [Eleanor Roosevelt] wrote, without a ghost writer, more than 2,500 columns, and 200 articles, published 6 books, and delivered at least 70 speeches a year," Allida Black wrote in *Casting Her Own Shadow*.

FDR + ER were difficult drivers. FDR drove Queen Elizabeth and King George VI, in his hand-controlled 1936 Ford, to the famous "Hot Dog Picnic" at FDR's Top Cottage, here in Hyde Park, on 6-11-1939, but Her Majesty refused to ride back with him ("There were several times when I thought we could go right off the road and tumble down the hills," the Queen later said). ER drove FDR's 1936 Ford after he

died...and the back of the car still shows the dents and dings she caused.

In Hyde Park, the vanity license plate on FDR's hand-controlled Ford says ③. In Warm Springs, you can see FDR's hand-controlled 1938 Ford in the museum at Roosevelt's Little White House Historic Site, where FDR had the 1st known vanity license plates, which say, (FDR-1).



On 4-19-1926, FDR had bought the dilapidated inn, with the pools filled with that empowering water; exercise, physical therapy, and well-crafted braces allowed some polio patients, including FDR, to learn to "walk" again.

In Warm Springs FDR learned to "walk" by locking his leg braces and leaning on a cane, while grabbing onto someone's arm and swiveling his hips. It was a slow and laborious process, which is described in a film depicting FDR "walking," post-polio, which you can see at the FDR Library + Museum.

In Warm Springs, FDR designed his own handicapped-friendly cottage, which is called "Roosevelt's Little White House," because it is a little wood house, painted white.

In Warm Springs, FDR created a community of "Polios," who published a newsletter called *The Polio Chronicle*, which articulated the optimistic attitude of the Polio Patient-in-Chief, Franklin D. Roosevelt, "Spread the gospel that [the] physical handicap of polio does not make one a 'cripple'... Victims of poliomyelitis [must] make the necessary adjustments to return to [a] normal place in society in spite of handicaps."

FDR administered the Warm Springs Patients' Aid Fund. In a fund-raising ad, FDR said, "I think cripples, children or adult, are worth taking an interest in. Economically, restorative work is sound; humanely, it is right." Financial aid was granted "subject to renewal if the progress of the individual warrants," and was in the form of loans, "repayable when and if the individual is financially able."

The communitarian principles embodied in the Warm Springs financial aid rules – that everyone must contribute to the cost of treatment if they could, and that by combining many individuals into a community, the individuals could do, together, what they could not do alone – were incorporated by President Roosevelt, and Secretary Perkins, into Social Security and the Civilian Conservation Corps, which "brought together 2 of Roosevelt's most deeply held values: work and conservation," Jonathan Alter wrote, in *The Defining Moment*.



Winston Churchill meets FDR, aided in walking by his son, Elliott, at the "Atlantic Conference" on 8-9-1941.

U.S. Navy Historical Center



FDR drives the Royals in Hyde Park, on 6-11-1939.

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum



FDR at his Birthday "Toga Party" on 1-30-1934, flanked by ER and daughter Anna.

FDR didn't just inspire the Polios at Warm Springs. According to Chris Breiseth, "President Roosevelt inspired millions of Americans to contribute to the March of Dimes, which is why FDR's image is on the dime. The March of Dimes funded the research that produced the polio vaccine in 1954."

Chris told us that when he was President of the Roosevelt Institute, from 2003 – 2009, he went to Warm Springs for the annual ceremony commemorating FDR's death, at the Little White House, on 4-12-1945. That's why, on 4-12-2012, we were in Warm Springs, for the memorial ceremony for FDR; after listening to Robin Glass, Site Manager of the Roosevelt's Little White House Historic Site (a Georgia state park) and the other speakers extol FDR, we visited FDR's ingeniously-designed, yet simple cottage.

We learned that you cannot understand Franklin Delano Roosevelt unless you have been to Hyde Park, where he was born, raised, and buried, and to Warm Springs, where he learned to "walk" again, where he invented the hand controls that enabled him to drive after he was paralyzed by polio...and where he died.

We had already learned that you cannot understand today's world unless you understand the roles that Franklin + Eleanor Roosevelt played in creating today's world. We agree with FDR + ER National Historic Sites Supervisory Ranger, Franceska Macsali-Urbin, who says, "We live in a world essentially created by Franklin and Eleanor Roosevelt."

The world we live in, today, which FDR + ER essentially created, almost didn't happen.

After FDR nominated NY Governor Al Smith for President at the Democratic Convention on 6-27-1928, Smith began clamoring for FDR to run for Governor; Smith wanted FDR to run to get Protestants to vote for Smith, who was Catholic. FDR was still working on his walking in Warm Springs, and sent Smith a telegram, "I owe it to my family and myself to give the present constant improvement a chance to continue," explaining that the progress he was making in Warm Springs on improving his walking was why he wouldn't run for Governor in 1928.

Before deciding not to run, FDR carefully consulted Louis Howe, his primary political adviser, who had saved FDR's political career when he got State Senator Roosevelt re-elected, on 11-5-1912, although FDR was sick with typhoid fever and couldn't campaign. Howe thought that FDR should run for Governor in 1932, and for President in 1936. Missy Lehand, FDR's live-in secretary, and Sara Delano Roosevelt, FDR's devoted but domineering mother, also didn't want FDR to run. After she had read, in the newspapers, that the Democrats had



That's me, Stefan Lonce posing with a statue of FDR at his favorite picnic spot in Warm Springs, GA. on 4-12-2012

MH Fryburg

nominated her husband for Governor, Eleanor telegraphed FDR, "Regret that you had to accept but know that you felt it obligatory."

Smith thought that he could win the White House *only if* he carried NY, and that he could carry NY *only if* FDR ran for Governor, so he avidly pursued FDR.



FDR stops to chat, in Warm Springs, on 11-19-1931, while driving his hand-controlled Ford.

Franklin D Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum

On 10-1-1928, Smith was trying to reach FDR, in Warm Springs, by phone, but FDR went out driving, in his Ford equipped with hand controls he designed, to duck Smith's phone calls...until Smith got Eleanor to call.

Once FDR was on the phone, Eleanor handed it to Smith, who said, "Frank.... As a personal favor, can I put your name before the convention?" – meaning the NY State Democratic Convention that would nominate a candidate for Governor. FDR, who had been out driving, using hand controls he designed,

agreed to run and, after waging a vigorous campaign to dispel Republican attacks that he was a cripple, was narrowly elected Governor, on 11-6-1928; Smith lost the Presidential election to Hoover in a landslide.

We think that, if FDR had not been able to drive, using hand controls he designed, after he was paralyzed by polio, then he would not have run for Governor of NY in 1928. If FDR had not been elected Governor in 1928, he would not have been elected President in 1932, and Americans would not have Social Security and the other New Deal reforms, today...and Hitler would have won WW2.



FDR in Hyde Park in 1928, posing in his hand-controlled Ford. Do you think FDR looks crippled?

Franklin D Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum

FDR, who was fluent in German, understood before almost anyone else the menace that Hitler posed to *everyone*. We think that if anyone but FDR had been President in 1939 and 1940, when he rearmed America and helped Britain stave off defeat by Nazi Germany, then Hitler would have won WW2.

FDR was a masterful commander-in-chief who chose his generals wisely and didn't try to micromanage them. As Joseph Persico, the author of *Roosevelt's Centurions*, explained at the FDR Library on 6-23-2012, "One of President Roosevelt's greatest strengths was that he had essentially the same military team throughout the War."

Driving gave FDR confidence, and hope, and was a major factor influencing his decision to run for Governor of NY in 1928.

FDR's leg braces weighed 10 pounds; at the FDR Library + Museum, you can lift a lever to learn how much effort it takes to lift 10 pounds; it's harder than it looks. (Gallagher & Associates, in Silver Spring, MD, cleverly and creatively designed the lever and other exhibits at the FDR Library + Museum).

After he was paralyzed by polio, FDR spent most of his time in wheelchairs; it was too exhausting for him to wear his leg braces, and find a walking partner, and then slowly move forward...except when he had to perform in public.

The Roosevelts hid FDR's disability. Very few Americans knew that President Roosevelt couldn't walk. Being able to drive, using hand controls, helped FDR to disguise his disability. We will tell you more about this in **DRIVING WITH FDR: A CALENDRIAL BIOGRAPHY OF FRANKLIN + ELEANOR ROOSEVELT™**, which will be 2 books, with a 3rd book about Eleanor after Franklin was buried, in Hyde Park, on 4-15-1945. We are now circulating our **DRIVING WITH FDR™** book proposal to agents and editors.

In the **MINIBOOKS™** in our 2012 and 2013 **DRIVING WITH FDR™** calendars, we told you some of the amazing things that FDR did in Warm Springs, and as Governor and President. You can download the **MINIBOOK™** from our 2014 calendar, which we wrote to read aloud at the FDR Library, at the Roosevelt Reading Festival on 7-27-2013, and then on 8-14-2013, when we will chair the National Birthday Party for Social Security.

The Lonce Family will be forever grateful to President Roosevelt and Secretary Perkins, because Social Security survivors benefits enabled Ella Lonce to raise Stefan and his 5 brothers, together, after their father died in 1972. On 8-14-2013, here at the FDR Library, we will celebrate 2 Presidents: Franklin D. Roosevelt, who signed Social Security into law on 8-14-1935, and Ronald Reagan, who saved and strengthened Social Security when it was about to be driven into deficit, by signing the Social Security Amendments of 1983 into law on 4-20-1983.



Roosevelt/Ronald Reagan/ Frances Perkins Preserve + Strengthen Social Security Plan on our web site. www.TakeBackOurFutureNow.org.

We agree with Douglas Brinkley, who wrote, in *The Boys of Ponte du Hoc*, that Ronald Reagan's "true hero was President Franklin D. Roosevelt.... Reagan...considered his poor eyesight a handicap.... Roosevelt, however, had it worse: he was incapacitated by polio, trapped in the confines of his wooden wheelchair."

We met Douglas Brinkley, and all the FDR + ER biographers quoted above, at public programs presented at the FDR Library. We are grateful to Lynn Bassanese, and to Cliff Laube, FDR Library Public Programs Director, for giving us the opportunity to present programs here; we are also grateful for the opportunity to sell our calendars, and our Roosevelt and Reagan themed birthday cards, here, in The New Deal Store @ The FDR Library + Museum.

When you visit the FDR Library + Museum, which FDR designed in 1939, you will learn that it has been completely renovated and rebuilt under the leadership of Lynn Bassanese, with the help of Supervisory Curator Herman Eberhardt, Supervisory Archivist Robert Clark, and the entire staff of friendly-and-helpful archivists and administrators. The renovation was overseen by EYP Architecture & Engineering, in Albany and Kirchhoff Consigli Construction Management, in Pleasant Valley, who did a **GR8JOB**.

Lynn Bassanese explains how they are making history matter in Hyde Park:

"In our new exhibits we present the interesting and compelling story of Franklin and Eleanor Roosevelt, two of the greatest figures of the 20th century. We have 17 audiovisual presentations, special interactives, immersive audio visual theaters, and rarely seen artifacts to convey the dramatic story of the Roosevelt era. What visitors will find after seeing our exhibits is that so many of the issues they deal with on a daily basis have something to do with Franklin and Eleanor Roosevelt. Making these current connections will engage even the non-history fans."

Make history matter. Discover Franklin + Eleanor Roosevelt in Hyde Park... and in Warm Springs. Learn about the Roosevelts' values: freedom + fairness; opportunity + equality; patience + persistence; community + creativity.

Recall that FDR said, on 6-30-1941:

"A nation must...above all, believe in the capacity of its own people so to learn from the past that they can gain judgment in creating their own future."

If you visit the FDR Library + Museum...you will learn from the past to gain judgment in creating our own future.



FDR Library Director
Lynn Bassanese

Franklin D. Roosevelt Presidential Library and Museum

REMEMBERING SENATOR GEORGE MCGOVERN

BY MH FRYBURG

Dakota Wesleyan University Archives



George McGovern in 1944.

Although I never met him, Senator George McGovern was a friend of mine.

Let me explain. In May, 2005 I called former Senator McGovern, at the McGovern Center at Dakota Wesleyan University (www.McGovernCenter.com) and asked him to work with Stefan Lonce and me and the *Preserve Social Security & Healthcare Coalition, Inc.*, which we founded to oppose President George W. Bush's pernicious plan for Social Security. A week later, Senator McGovern called me and said he liked our plan for Social Security, but he had been told that Congressional Democrats would only oppose Bush's Social Security "Plan," and would not propose their

own plan to preserve and strengthen Social Security, as the *PSSHC* does.

With those phone calls, my friendship with Senator McGovern, began. I told him that I had worked in his 1972 Presidential campaign and that I admired his work on the McGovern Commission, which reformed the presidential nominating process. We also talked about Senator's McGovern's sponsorship, with Senator Bob Dole, of the federal school lunch program, and of his other efforts to end hunger, everywhere.

I last spoke with Senator McGovern on 1-30-2012: I called him from the FDR Library, where we were celebrating FDR's 130th Birthday. Senator McGovern told me he had received our **2012 DRIVING WITH FDR™** calendar and was reading it. He died on 10-21-2012.

George McGovern was a huge FDR fan. In *WHAT IT MEANS TO BE A DEMOCRAT*, his last book, he wrote that he became a Democrat, "when I saw how FDR's bold initiatives – including Social Security, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)...and the Civilian Conservation Corps – stabilized the country and made hurting Americans whole again." We included Senator McGovern's Birthday, July 19th [in 1922], in our **2014 DRIVING WITH FDR™** calendar.

I interviewed Senator McGovern about his biography, *Abraham Lincoln*; here are excerpts from that interview, published in the September 2009 *Montauk Sun* (edited and designed by Stefan Lonce (www.montauksun.com)).:



Senator George McGovern in 1972

Dakota Wesleyan University Archives

Q: What do you think Lincoln's greatest strength was?

A: His tenacity in overcoming very difficult problems both in his own life and in the life of the country.

Q: You ran for President as the peace candidate, opposing the Vietnam War. Yet you never mentioned that you were a decorated bomber pilot in WW2. Why not?

A: I suppose I should have talked about my military service when I ran for President. American participation in WW2 was fully justified; otherwise, Hitler would have won. As a bomber pilot, I learned how cruel warfare is. So I work to create the conditions that reduce the danger of war. I think hunger drives the kind of desperation that leads to war, so I'm working for peace by fighting hunger.

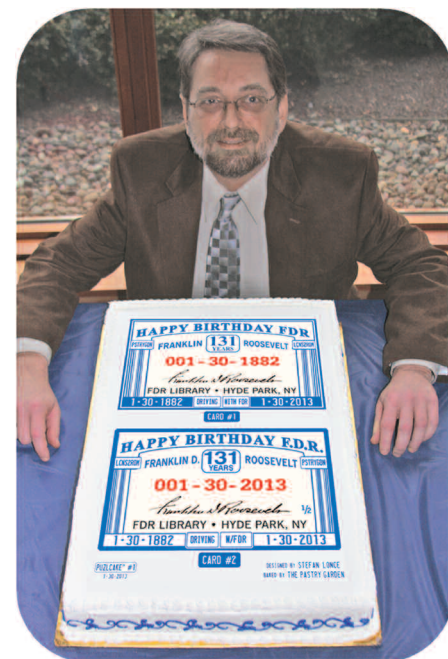
HOW WE INVENTED THE PUZLCAKE™ @ THE FDR PRESIDENTIAL LIBRARY + MUSEUM

BY STEFAN LONCE + MH FRYBURG

We invented the PUZLCAKE™ for FDR's 131st Birthday Party, at the FDR Library on 1-30-2013. A PUZLCAKE™ is a cake decorated with a puzzle, consisting of 2 adjacent graphic or photographic images with 10½ DIFFERENCES™ between the 2 images. Guests at PUZLCAKE™ parties get flyers depicting the cake, with an answer key.

The PUZLCAKE™ was inspired by FDR's love of puzzles and games, and by *People Magazine's* "Second Look" column, which challenges readers to find the 10 differences between 2 photographs...1 of which has been digitally modified.

The 2013 Social Security Birthday PUZLCAKE™ has 2 photos; PHOTO #2 has been digitally modified. The August 2014 photos in the calendar are the 2 photos on the the 2013 Social Security PUZLCAKE™. Find the 10½ DIFFERENCES™ between PHOTO #1 and PHOTO #2; the answer key is below.



Stefan poses with the world's first (PUZLCAKE™), which he designed, celebrating FDR's 131st birthday, at the FDR Library on 1-30-2013.

MH Fryburg

PHOTO #2 includes 2 vanity license plates: **LCNS2ROM** [LICENSE TO ROAM], celebrating our forthcoming book, and **PSTRYGDN** ("Pastry Garden"), celebrating the Pastry Garden Bakery in Poughkeepsie, NY, which bakes and donates the delectably-delicious FDR Library PUZLCAKES™ (845-473-5220; www.ThePastryGarden.com).

ANSWERS TO THE
10½ DIFFERENCES™
FROM THE AUGUST
PHOTO PAGE
+
THE 2013
SOCIAL SECURITY
BIRTHDAY
PUZLCAKE™

1. The portrait in PHOTO #2 has changed from Jefferson to Washington.
2. The man in the white suit is missing his cigar in PHOTO #2.
3. There is a LCNS2ROM vanity license plate on the desk in PHOTO #2.
4. Frances Perkins's collar (behind FDR's left shoulder) is rounded in PHOTO #2.
5. The handkerchief is missing from the man's pocket behind FDR's right shoulder in PHOTO #2.
6. There is a PSTRYGDN vanity license plate on the desk in the lower left corner.
7. The man standing behind FDR is missing his moustache in PHOTO #2.
8. The clock, directly under the portrait, is missing in PHOTO #2.
9. There is a man behind the tall man in the grey suit missing from PHOTO #2.
10. The hand of the man in the white suit is missing from PHOTO #2.
- 10½. The tall man in the grey suit has a "1/2" on his lapel in PHOTO #2.



BY STEFAN LONCE

To make this calendar more fun, and to encourage you to study the photos carefully, in every monthly photo, except August, I hid Chris Breiseth's vanity license plate, (FDR 1932).

People who see Chris's vanity plate often stop to talk with him about Social Security, or the New Deal, or the War, or Eleanor...or Fala. After all, Chris vanitized to encourage people who see his (PL8) to stop and chat with him about FDR.

FDR, who had the first-known vanity plates, would have liked that.

According to correspondence we found in the FDR Library archives, each year FDR gave his expired Georgia vanity plates away. Today, collectors own FDR's vanity plates. FDR biographer Geoffrey Ward owns FDR's 1939 Georgia vanity plate, depicted in the July 2014 photo.

Ronald Reagan emulated FDR's passion for vanity plates. On 8-21-1970, Governor Reagan signed the law authorizing California to issue vanity plates, which provides that the plate fees go to the Environmental License Plate Fund. Today, thanks to Gov. Reagan, California's 1,000,000 vanity (PL8S) EARN \$38,000,000 for environmental protection programs, including the California Conservation Corps, which Gov. Jerry Brown founded and modeled after FDR's CCC.

You see, besides DRIVING WITH FDR: A CALENDORICAL BIOGRAPHY™, we are also working on another book, LCNS2ROM – LICENSE TO ROAM: OUR PERSONAL QU3ST 2 VANITIZE THE USA & CANADA2 – A BUSINESS MEMOIR™. Please visit www.DrivingWithFDR.com for more info.



Chris Breiseth, proudly displays his vanity PL8 at the FDR Library.

MH Fryburg



That's me, Stefan Lonce, on 8-14-2012, speaking @ the National Birthday Party for Social Security.



POLIO CRUSADER NUMBER ONE

"I think most cripples, children or adult, are worth taking an interest in. Economically, restorative work is sound; humanely, it is right."

Franklin D. Roosevelt

The Polio Crusaders ask you to give to a Patients' Aid Fund, to help those who could not otherwise receive proper treatment for the after-effects of infantile paralysis.

The Patients' Aid Fund is disbursed by the trustees of the Georgia Warm Springs Foundation, of which Franklin D. Roosevelt himself is head.

Aid is granted only to those who are worthy and then for a limited period of time, subject to renewal if the progress of the individual warrants extension.

These grants are made as loans, repayable when and if the individual is financially able to do so.

The maximum aid extended is one-half the cost rate. The balance must be procured by the individuals' relatives and friends, or the community from which the individual comes.

Make checks payable to POLIO CRUSADERS, Warm Springs, Georgia.

THE POLIO CHRONICLE • April, 1933

DRIVING WITH FDR 2014 BIOGRAPHICAL/COLLECTIBLE CALENDAR™

BY: STEFAN LONCE + MH FRYBURG

To buy the 2014 calendar (\$20 + S/H), or to download the MINIBOOK™ (for free!), please visit www.DrivingWithFDR.com ©2013 LCNS2ROM, INC.

Please also visit these websites:

Preserve Social Security & Healthcare Coalition:
www.TakeBackOurFutureNow.org

FDR Presidential Library (Hyde Park, NY):
www.fdrlibrary.marist.edu • 800-FDR-VISIT

Roosevelt-Vanderbilt Historical Association:
www.roosevelt.vanderbilt.org

EYP Architecture & Engineering:
www.eypa.design.com

Gallager & Associates:
www.gallagherdesign.com

Kirchhoff-Consigli Construction Management:
www.kirchhoff-consigli.com

Roosevelt Institute (New York, NY):
www.RooseveltInstitute.org

Little White House (Warm Springs, GA):
www.gastateparks.org/LittleWhiteHouse

Frances Perkins Center (Newcastle, ME):
www.FrancesPerkinsCenter.org • 207-563-3374

The Ronald Reagan Foundation & Library:
www.reaganfoundation.org • 805-522-2977

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BY STEFAN LONCE

Q&A for FDR

What question would you ask FDR if you could...and what do you think his answer would be?

Please complete, sign and mail this form to me. I will publish the most compelling responses on my website and in **DRIVING WITH FDR: A CALENDRIAL BIOGRAPHY™**. Please keep your Q&A short, like these:

Q: If you had to chose one guiding principle that you used throughout your presidency to get things done, what would that be?

A: Above all, try something. If it doesn't work, admit it frankly and try something else.

~ Lynn Bassanese, FDR Presidential Library Director

Q: What inspired you to invent the hand controls for your car, which enabled you to drive after polio paralyzed you?

A: I couldn't use my legs and I needed to drive. Hand controls were the obvious solution.

~ Stefan Lonce



FDR poses, post-polio, in his Ford, with hand controls he designed, in Hyde Park, NY in 1928. Do you think FDR looks like a "cripple" in this photograph?

www.DrivingWithFDR.com

Please mail completed forms to:

Stefan Lonce • PO Box 1 • Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520

FROM: (Please Print)

Name: _____

Address: _____

Town or City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

E-mail: _____

We will not disclose your contact information.

Date: _____

Dear Stefan,

If I could ask FDR one question, here is what I would ask, and what I think his answer would be:

Q: _____

A: _____

Sincerely,



DRIVING WITH FDR 2014
BIOGRAPHICAL/COLLECTIBLE CALENDAR™
LCNS2ROM INC.

P.O. BOX 1., Croton-on-Hudson, NY 10520
www.DrivingWithFDR.com
orders@DrivingWithFDR.com

DRIVING WITH FDR

2014 BIOGRAPHICAL/COLLECTIBLE CALENDAR™ ORDER FORM

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Complete this form (if you are ordering more than 1 calendar to multiple addresses, make copies of the form) and mail it TO: **FDR CALENDAR**
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